

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

PRODUCT NAME: Pels® Caustic Soda Beads

PRODUCT ID: _____0040

SYNONYMS: Sodium Hydroxide; Anhydrous Sodium Hydroxide, Caustic Soda;

NaOH

ISSUE DATE: 02/13/2002

EDITION NO.: 14

PPG Industries. Inc. One PPG Place, Pittsburgh, PA 15272, USA 24-hour Emergency Telephone Number: 1-304-843-1300 For Product Information (8am-5pm Eastern time):

1-800-243-6774 (C/A)

Product Safety, Chemicals PREPARER:

2. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Material/CAS Number Percent

Sodium Hydroxide

1310-73-2

Water 7732-18-5 95-99

balance

3. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

EMERGENCY OVERVIEW:

DANGER! Corrosive - Causes severe burns to eyes and skin.

Precautions: Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Corrosive to skin. Even a small amount in the eye can cause blindness. Do not swallow. Avoid breathing dusts or mists from solutions. Use only with adequate ventilation. Ventilation must be sufficient to limit employee exposure to this product below permissible exposure limits. When making solutions or diluting, only add caustic soda slowly to surface of cold water while stirring. Do not add to warm or hot water, a violent eruption or explosive reaction can result. Avoid contact with organic materials and concentrated acids - may cause violent reactions. Caustic soda reacts with magnesium, aluminum, zinc (galvanized), tin, chromium, brass and bronze, generating hydrogen which is explosive. Caustic

soda may react with various sugars to generate carbon monoxide. Hazardous carbon monoxide gas can form upon contact with food and beverage products in enclosed vessels and can cause death. Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke in work area.

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

INHALATION: Remove from area to fresh air. If symptomatic, contact a poison control center, emergency room or physician for treatment information.

EYE/SKIN CONTACT: EYE: Remove contact lens and pour a gentle stream of warm water through the affected eye for at least 15 minutes. Contact a poison control center, emergency room or physician right away as further treatment will be necessary. SKIN: Run a gentle stream of water over the affected area for 15 minutes. A mild soap may be used if available. Contact a poison control center, emergency room or physician right away as further treatment will be necessary. If skin feels slippery, this product may still be present in sufficient quantities to cause rash or burn. Continue washing until slick skin feeling is gone. Thoroughly clean contaminated clothing and shoes before reuse or discard.

INGESTION: Gently wipe or rinse the inside of the mouth with water. Sips of water may be given if person is fully conscious. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious or convulsing person. Do Not induce vomiting. Contact a poison control center, emergency room or physician right away as further treatment will be necessary.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

FLASH POINT: None

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA: Not applicable.

SPECIAL FIREFIGHTING PROCEDURES: Contact with some metals (particularly magnesium, aluminum and galvanized zinc) can rapidly generate hydrogen, which is explosive.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

ACTION TO BE TAKEN IF MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED:

Only trained personnel equipped with NIOSH approved, full facepiece combination dust/mist respirators should be permitted in area. For dry material, use appropriate methods, shovels, brooms, and vacuums to clean up the spill. If mixed with water, or likely to become mixed with water or any liquid, dike area to contain spill. Reclaim if possible. Or, dilute spill with large amounts of water then neutralize with dilute acid. Use vacuum truck to pick up neutralized material for proper disposal. Properly neutralized liquid residues (pH 6 to 9) may be disposed of in waste water treatment facilities which allow the discharge of neutral salt solutions. After all visible traces have been removed, flush area with large amounts of water.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN DURING HANDLING AND STORAGE:

Wear appropriate personal protective equipment when handling this product. Never touch eyes or

face with hands or gloves that may be contaminated with this product. When making solutions or diluting, only add caustic soda slowly to surface of cold water while stirring. Do not add to warm or hot water, a violent eruption or explosive reaction can result. Avoid contact with organic materials and concentrated acids - may cause violent reactions. Caustic soda reacts with magnesium, aluminum, zinc (galvanized), tin, chromium, brass and bronze, generating hydrogen which is explosive. Caustic soda may react with various sugars to generate carbon monoxide. Hazardous carbon monoxide gas can form upon contact with food and beverage products in enclosed vessels and can cause death. Follow appropriate tank entry procedures (see ANSI Z177.1 - 1977). Do not enter a storage tank or container (truck or rail) that has contained this product, even if it appears empty. Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated place. Store indoors. Keep container closed when not in use.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Exposure Limits:

8-hour Time Weighted Average (TWA); 15-minute Short-Term Exposure Limit (STEL)

OSHA: 2 mg/cu.m. Ceiling. 29 CFR 1910.1000 (Rev. 3/1/89).

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION: Use a NIOSH approved dust/mist filter respirator for all routine activities when exposure to dusts/mists exceed the permissible exposure limits. The respiratory use limitations made by NIOSH or the manufacturer must be observed. Respiratory protection programs must be in accordance with 29 CFR 1910.134.

VENTILATION: Use local exhaust sufficient to maintain dust/mist levels below permissible exposure limits.

EYE AND FACE PROTECTION: Close fitting chemical safety goggles with faceshield.

PROTECTIVE GLOVES: Nitrile. Neoprene. Natural rubber.

OTHER PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT: Rubber boots with safety toes, rubber aprons, PVC clothing, and plastic hard hats should be used when necessary to prevent skin contact. Personal protective clothing and use of equipment must be in accordance with 29 CFR 1910.132 (general requirements), .133 (eye and face protection), and .138 (hand protection).

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

BOILING POINT: 1390 °C

VAPOR DENSITY (Air=1): NA

SPECIFIC GRAVITY (Water=1): 2.130

pH: Strongly basic

FREEZING/MELTING POINT: 310-320 °C (590-608 °F) **SOLUBILITY (wt.% in water):** 347g/100g water @ 100 °C

BULK DENSITY: ______70 lbs/cu.ft. (loose)

VOLUME % VOLATILE: NA
VAPOR PRESSURE: NA
EVAPORATION RATE: NA

HEAT OF SOLUTION: Exothermic PHYSICAL STATE: Solid Beads ODOR: Odorless

COLOR: White to Off-White

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

STABILITY: Stable

HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION: Will not occur.

INCOMPATIBILITY (CONDITIONS/MATERIALS TO AVOID):

Contact with organic materials and concentrated acids may cause violent reactions. Contact with magnesium, aluminum, galvanized zinc, tin, chromium, brass and bronze generates explosive hydrogen. Reactions with various food sugars may form carbon monoxide.

HAZARDOUS THERMAL DECOMPOSITION/COMBUSTION PRODUCTS:

Carbon monoxide.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

ACUTE INHALATION LC50: Corrosive SKIN IRRITATION: Corrosive. EYE IRRITATION: Corrosive.

ACUTE ORAL LD50: LDLo (rabbit) 500 mg/kg. Corrosive.

CHRONIC EFFECTS/CARCINOGENICITY: This product is NOT listed as a carcinogen or suspected carcinogen by NTP, IARC, or OSHA.

MEDICAL CONDITIONS AGGRAVATED: None known.

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE:

ACUTE:

Eye/Skin: Causes severe burns to the eyes. Small quantities can result in permanent damage and/or loss of vision. For skin contact, corrosive action causes burns and frequently deep ulcerations with subsequent scarring. Prolonged contact destroys tissue. Dust or mist from solutions can cause irritant dermatitis.

Ingestion: Ingestion either in solid or liquid form can cause very serious damage to the mucous membranes or other tissues with which contact is made, and may be fatal.

Inhalation: Inhalation of dusts or mists can cause damage to the upper respiratory tract and to the lung tissue depending on severity of exposure. Effects can range from mild irritation of mucous membranes, severe pneumonitis and destruction of lung tissues.

CHRONIC: The effects of long-term, low level exposures to this product have not been determined. Safe handling of this material on a long-term basis should emphasize the prevention of all contact with this material to avoid any effects from repetitive acute exposures.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

ECOTOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION:

Highly toxic to aquatic life. 240 ug/l (Bluegill) 96-hour TLM LC50

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

DISPOSAL METHOD:

PPG recommends disposal of dry residues in an approved hazardous waste management facility or by neutralizing and disposing of according to local or permitted regulations. Care must be taken when using or disposing of chemical materials and/or their containers to prevent environmental contamination. It is your duty to dispose of the chemical materials and/or their containers in accordance with the Clean Air Act, the Clean Water Act, the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act, as well as any other relevant Federal, State, or local laws/regulations regarding disposal.

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	14.	TRANSPORT	INFORMATION	
Proper Shipping Name:		Sodium Hyd	roxide, Solid	
Hazard Class:		8 (Corrosive)	
UN Number:		UN1823		
Packing Group:		II		
USA-RQ, Hazardous Substance and Quantity:			1000 lbs./454 kg	
	15.	REGULATORY	INFORMATION	

USA TSCA: All components of this product are listed on the TSCA Inventory.

EUROPE EINECS: All components in this product are listed on EINECS.

CANADA DSL: This product and/or all of its components are listed on the Canadian DSL.

AUSTRALIA AICS: All components of this product are listed on AICS.

KOREA ECL: All components in this product are listed on the Korean Existing Chemicals Inventory (KECI).

JAPAN MITI (ENCS): All components of this product are listed on MITI.

PHILIPPINES PICCS: All of the components in this product are listed on the Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS).

SARA TITLE III:

SARA (311, 312) Hazard Class:

Acute Health Hazard. Reactive Hazard.

SARA (313) Chemicals:

Not listed.

SARA Extremely Hazardous Substance:

Not listed.

CERCLA Hazardous Substance:

Listed in Table 302.4 of 40 CFR Part 302 as a hazardous substance with a reportable quantity of

1000 pounds. Releases to air, land or water which exceed the RQ must be reported to the National Response Center, 800-424-8802.

RCRA:

Not listed.

CANADA REGULATIONS (WHMIS): Class E - Corrosive Material. Sensitization to product: None known. Reproductive toxicity: None known. Odor threshold: No odor. Product use: Source of alkalinity.

HAZARD RATING SYSTEM (HMIS/NFPA):

Health 3, Flammability 0, Reactivity 1

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Other Information:

ANSI/NSF Drinking Water Treatment Chemicals - Health Effects Listing - PPG Pels® Caustic Soda Beads are certified for maximum use at 100 mg/l under ANSI/NSF Standard 60.

In case of emergency in Canada, contact PPG Canada, Inc., B.P.2010, Beauharnois, Quebec J6N 3C3, 450-429-3552, or Canutec 613-996-6666.

The following has been revised since the last issue of this MSDS:

Date. Edition. Section 4 has been updated. Section 15 has been updated. Section 16 has been updated.

Previous revision date: 11/6/00 Previous edition number: 013

NA = Not Available